

Description

Celanex 3216 is a non-exuding (UL and CSA approved V-0 at 1/32 inch and 5V at 1/8 inch),15% fiberglass reinforced polybutylene terephthalate which has an excellent balance of mechanical properties and processability. It is well suited for electrical connector applications where its UL approved 50% regrind use capability allows maximum use of purchased product.

Physical properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard	
Density	1540	kg/m³	ISO 1183	
Melt volume rate (MVR)	9	cm ³ /10min	ISO 1133	
MVR test temperature	250	°C	ISO 1133	
MVR test load	2.16	kg	ISO 1133	
Mold shrinkage - parallel	0.3-0.6	%	ISO 294-4	
Mold shrinkage - normal	1.1	%	ISO 294-4	
Humidity absorption (23°C/50%RH)	0.17	%	ISO 62	

Mechanical properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard	
Tensile modulus (1mm/min)	6700	MPa	ISO 527-2/1A	
Tensile stress at break (5mm/min)	100	MPa	ISO 527-2/1A	
Tensile strain at break (5mm/min)	3	%	ISO 527-2/1A	
Flexural modulus (23°C)	6000	MPa	ISO 178	
Flexural strength (23°C)	155	MPa	ISO 178	
Charpy impact strength @ 23°C	28	kJ/m²	ISO 179/1eU	
Charpy impact strength @ -30°C	28	kJ/m²	ISO 179/1eU	
Charpy notched impact strength @ 23°C	6	kJ/m²	ISO 179/1eA	
Charpy notched impact strength @ -30°C	6	kJ/m²	ISO 179/1eA	
Notched impact strength (Izod) @ 23°C	5.5	kJ/m²	ISO 180/1A	
Rockwell hardness	87	M-Scale	ISO 2039-2	

Thermal properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard		
Melting temperature (10°C/min)	225	°C	ISO 11357-1,-2,-3		
Glass transition temperature (10°C/min)	60	°C	ISO 11357-1,-2,-3		
DTUL @ 1.8 MPa	200	°C	ISO 75-1/-2		
DTUL @ 0.45 MPa	217	°C	ISO 75-1/-2		
DTUL @ 8.0 MPa	95	°C	ISO 75-1/-2		
Vicat softening temperature B50 (50°C/h 50N)	206	°C	ISO 306		
Coeff.of linear therm. expansion (parallel)	0.36	E-4/°C	ISO 11359-2		
Coeff.of linear therm. expansion (normal)	1	E-4/°C	ISO 11359-2		
Limiting oxygen index (LOI)	27-32	%	ISO 4589		
Flammability at thickness h	V-0	class	UL94		
thickness tested (h)	0.38	mm	UL94		
Flammability 5V at thickness h	5VA	class	UL94		
thickness tested (5V)	3	mm	UL94		

Electrical properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard
Relative permittivity - 100 Hz	3.7	-	IEC 60250
Relative permittivity - 1 MHz	3.5	-	IEC 60250
Dissipation factor - 100 Hz	33	E-4	IEC 60250
Dissipation factor - 1 MHz	160	E-4	IEC 60250
Volume resistivity	1E13	Ohm*m	IEC 60093

Printed: 01. May 2014 - Page: 1



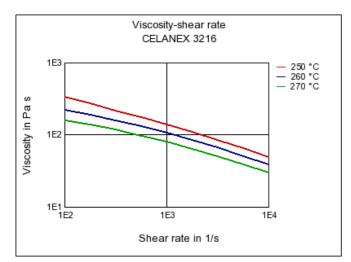


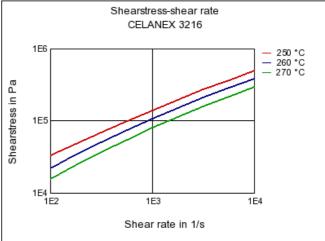
Electrical properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard
Surface resistivity	1E15	Ohm	IEC 60093
Electric strength	30	kV/mm	IEC 60243-1
Comparative tracking index CTI	250	-	IEC 60112

Test specimen production	Value	Unit	Test Standard
Processing conditions acc. ISO	7792-2	-	Internal
Injection molding melt temperature	260	°C	ISO 294
Injection molding mold temperature	82	°C	ISO 294
Injection molding flow front velocity	300	mm/s	ISO 294
Injection molding hold pressure	48	MPa	ISO 294

Viscosity-shear rate

Shearstress-shear rate



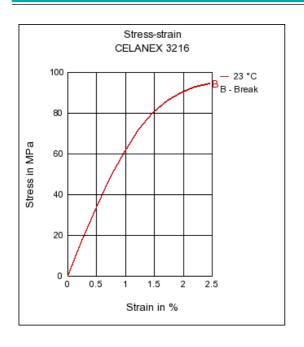


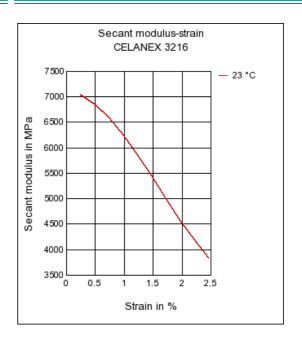




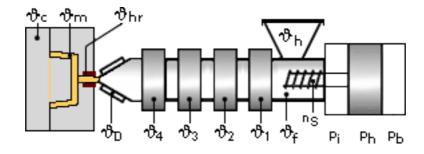
Stress-strain

Secant modulus-strain





Typical injection moulding processing conditions



Pre Drying:

Necessary low maximum residual moisture content: 0.02%

To avoid hydrolytic degradation during processing, CELANEX resins have to be dried to a moisture level equal to or less than 0.02%. Drying should be done in a dehumidifying hopper dryer capable of dewpoints <-40°F (-40°C) at 250°F (121°C) for 4 hours.

For subsequent storage of the material in the dryer until processed (\leq 60 h) it is necessary to lower the temperature to 100° C.

Drying time: 4 h

Drying temperature: 120 - 130 °C



Temperature:	[∜] Manifold	^უ Mold	[®] Melt	[®] Nozzle	[∜] Zone4	[®] Zone3	^ϑ Zone2	[∜] Zone1	^ზ Feed	^ϑ Hopper	
min (°C)	250	65	235	250	240	235	235	230	230	20	
max (°C)	260	93	255	255	255	250	250	240	240	50	

Speed:

Injection speed: medium-fast

Injection Molding

450-470(230-240) deg F Rear Temperature (deg C) Center Temperature 460-480(235-250) deg F (deg C) Front Temperature 470-490(240-255) deg F (deg C) 480-490(250-255) deg F (deg C) Nozzle Temperature Melt Temperature 460-490(235-255) deg F (deg C) 150-200(65-93) Mold Temperature deg F (deg C) Back Pressure 0 - 50

Screw Speed Medium Injection Speed Fast

Injection speed, injection pressure and holding pressure have to be optimized to the individual article geometry. To avoid material degradation during processing low back pressure and minimum screw speed have to be used. Overheating of the material has to be avoided, in particular for flame retardant grades. Up to 50% clean and dry regrind may be used for the 16 series flame retardant grades.

Contact Information

Americas

Ticona North American Headquarters
Product Information Service

8040 Dixie Highway Florence, KY 41042

USA

Tel.: +1-800-833-4882
Tel.: +1-859-372-3244
email: prodinfo@ticona.com
Ticona on the web: www.ticona.com

Customer Service Tel.: +1-800-526-4960 Tel.: +1-859-372-3214 Fax: +1-859-372-3125

Europe

Ticona GmbH Information Service

Tel.: +49 (0) 180-5842662 (Germany) +49 (0) 69-30516299 (Europe)

Fax: +49 (0) 180-2021202 (Germany & Europe)

email: infoservice@ticona.de Internet: www.ticona.com

General Disclaimer

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Properties of molded parts can be influenced by a wide variety of factors including, but not limited to, material selection, additives, part design, processing conditions and environmental exposure. Any determination of the suitability of a particular material and part design for any use contemplated by the users and the manner of such use is the sole responsibility of the users, who must assure themselves that the material as subsequently processed meets the needs of their particular product or use.



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